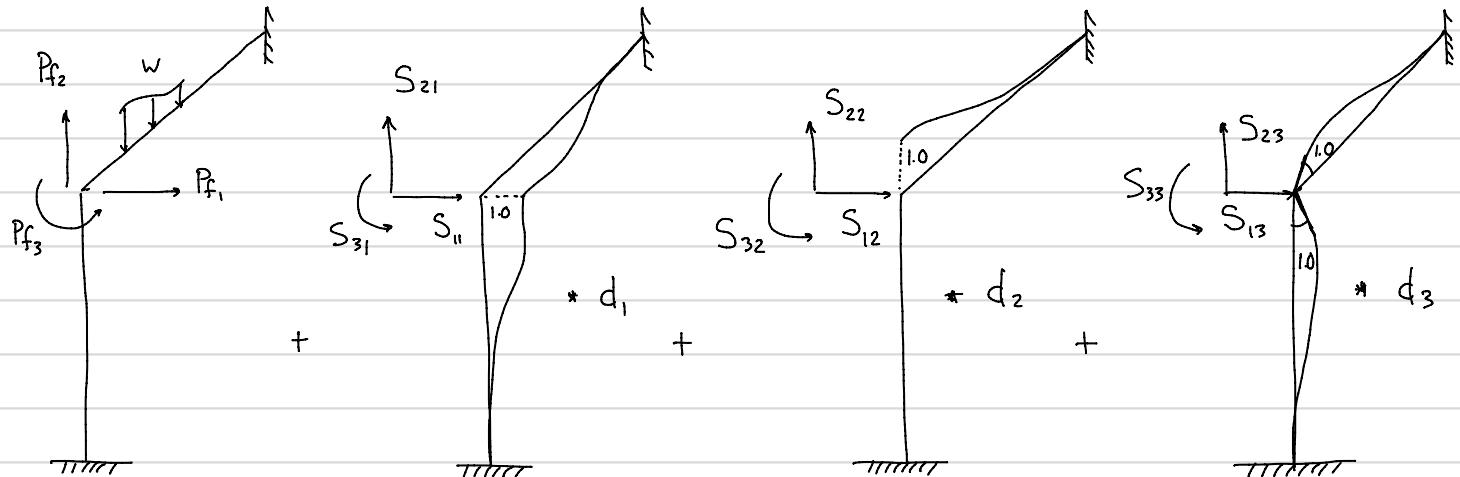
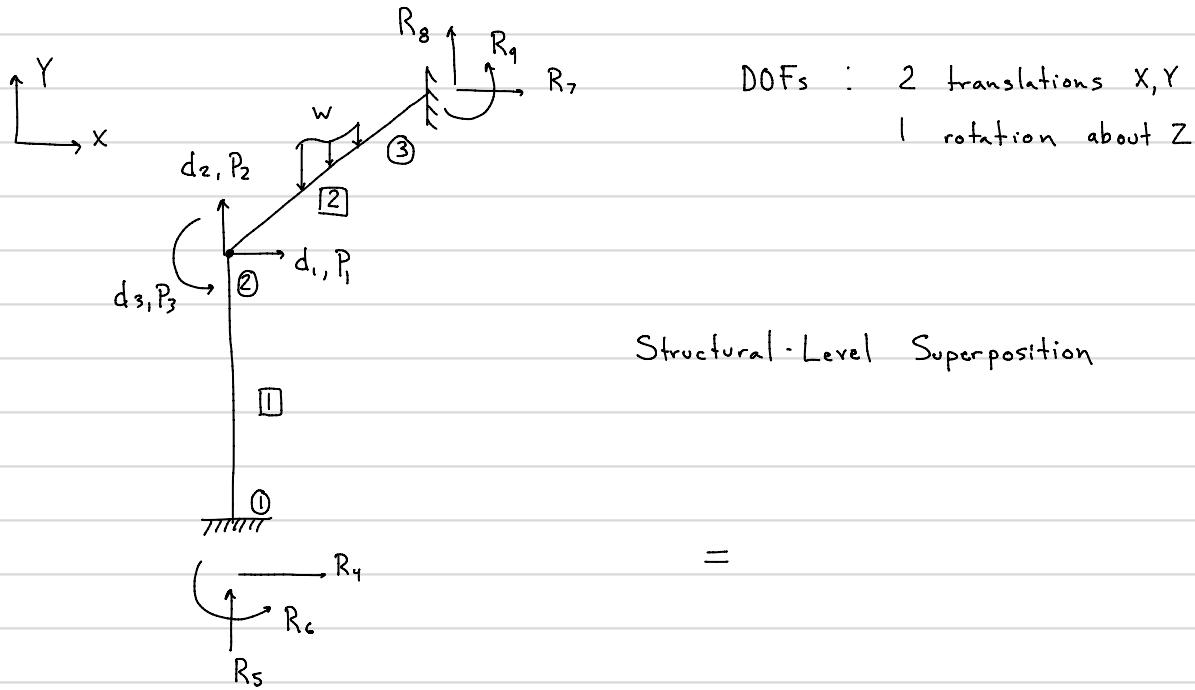


## 2D Frame Analysis



Apply member loads  
 $d_1 = d_2 = d_3 = 0$

$$d_1 = 1.0, d_2 = d_3 = 0$$

$$d_2 = 1.0, d_1 = d_3 = 0$$

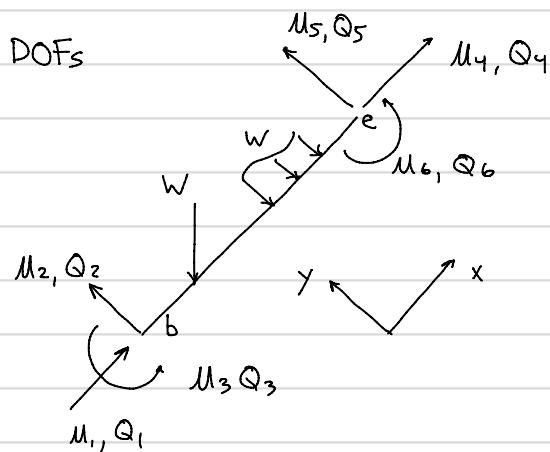
$$d_3 = 1.0, d_1 = d_2 = 0$$

From joint equilibrium

$$\{P\} = \{P_f\} + [S]\{d\}$$

## Member . Level Superposition

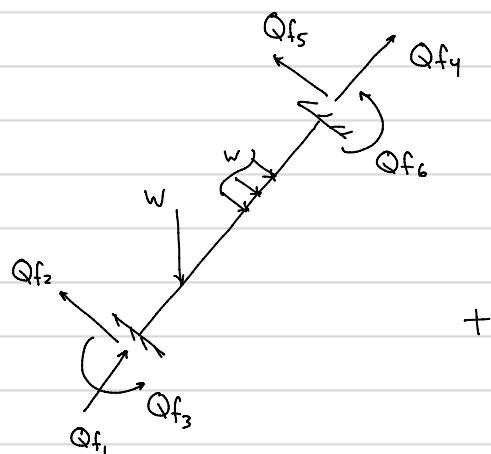
6 DOFs



local coordinates

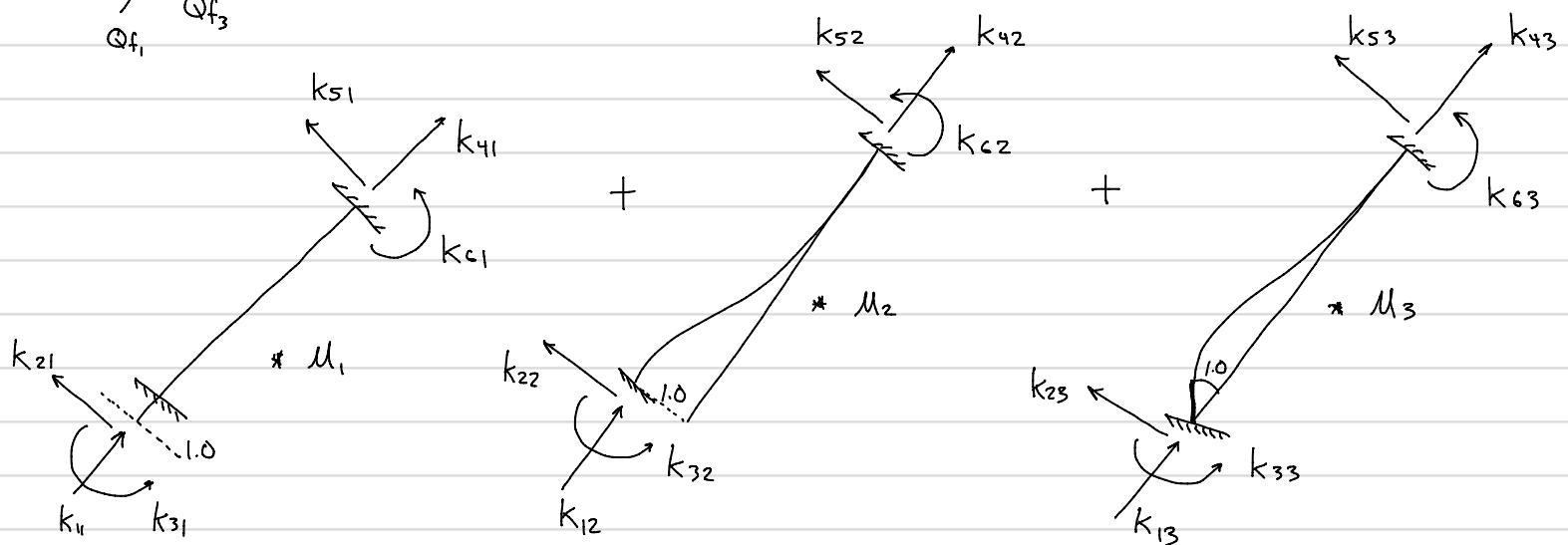
$x, y$

=



Apply member loads  
 $M_1, \dots, M_6 = 0$

+



$$M_1 = 1, M_2 \dots M_6 = 0$$

$$M_2 = 1.0, M_1, M_3 \dots M_6 = 0$$

$$M_3 = 1.0, M_1, M_2, M_4 \dots M_6 = 0$$

Similarly,  $M_4, M_5, M_6 = 1.0$  can be constructed

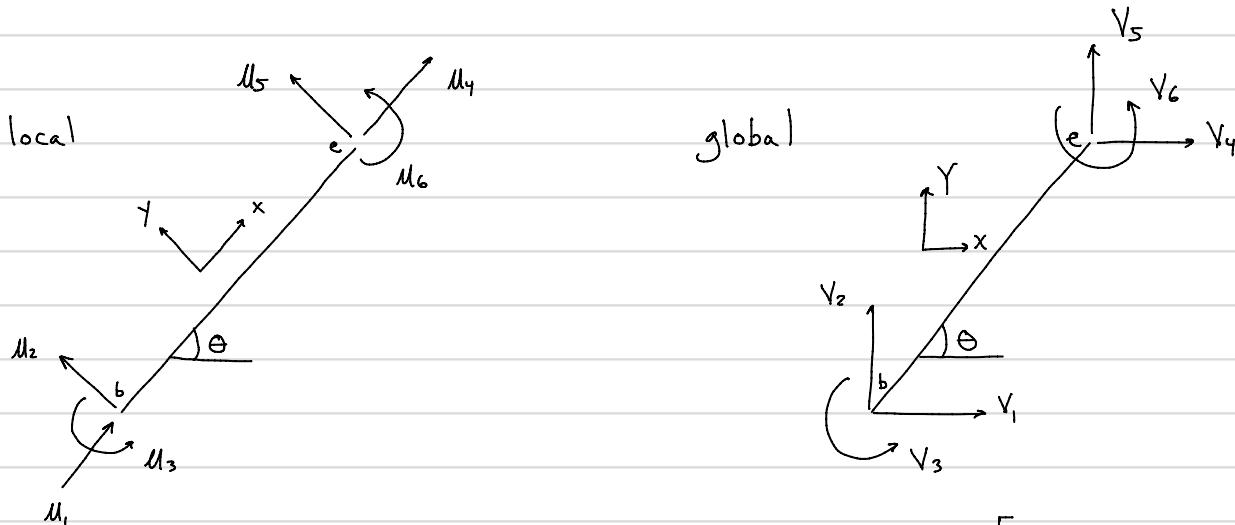
From member-level superposition

$$\{Q\} = \{Q_f\} + [k]\{\mu\} \quad (\text{local})$$

6x1      6x1      6x6      6x1

Using same analysis procedures to derive uniaxial/beam stiffness terms,  $[k]$  for plane frame:

$$[k] = \begin{bmatrix} EA/L & 0 & 0 & -EA/L & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 12EI/L^3 & 6EI/L^2 & 0 & -12EI/L^3 & 6EI/L^2 \\ 0 & 6EI/L^2 & 4EI/L & 0 & -6EI/L^2 & 2EI/L \\ -EA/L & 0 & 0 & EA/L & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -12EI/L^3 & -6EI/L^2 & 0 & 12EI/L^3 & -6EI/L^2 \\ 0 & 6EI/L^2 & 2EI/L & 0 & -6EI/L^2 & 4EI/L \end{bmatrix}$$



$$M_1 = V_1 \cos \theta + V_2 \sin \theta$$

$$\{\mu\} = [T]\{v\}$$

$$[T] = \begin{bmatrix} c & s & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ -s & c & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & c & s & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -s & c & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$6 \times 6$

$$M_2 = -V_1 \sin \theta + V_2 \cos \theta$$

$$c = \cos \theta$$

$$M_3 = V_3$$

$$s = \sin \theta$$

$$\{u\} = [T]\{v\}$$

$$\{Q\} = [T]\{F\}$$

$$\{F\} = [T]^T\{Q\}$$

$$= \{Q_f\} + [k]\{u\}$$

$$\downarrow [T]\{v\}$$

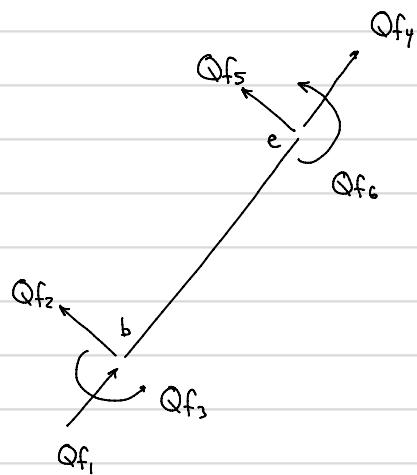
$$\{F\} = \underbrace{[T]^T\{Q_f\}}_{\{F_f\}} + \underbrace{[T]^T[k][T]\{v\}}_{[K]_{\text{global}}}$$

$\downarrow$   
Fixed-end force  
vector in global coordinates

$$\{F\} = \{F_f\} + [K]\{v\} \quad \text{global, member-level}$$

$\downarrow$   
ASSEMBLY

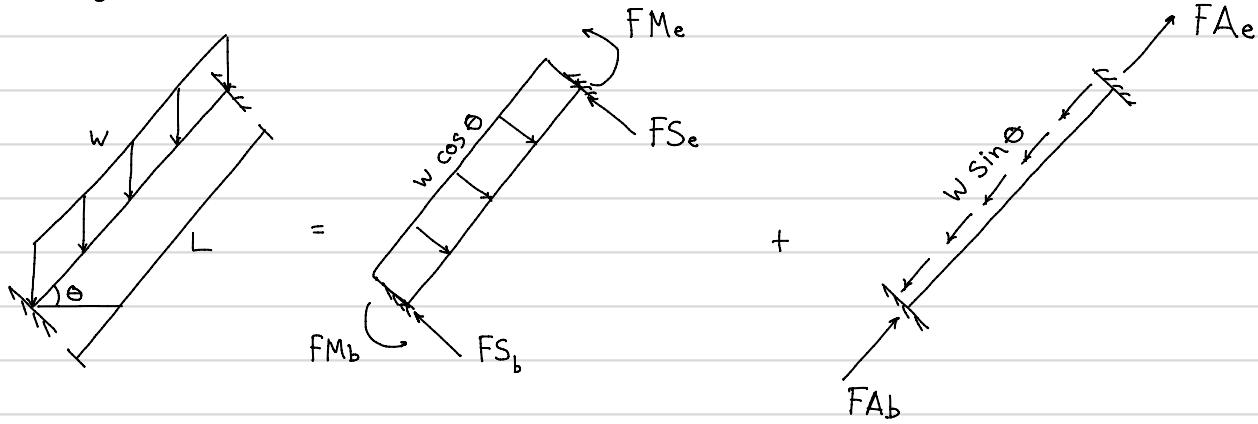
$$\{P\} = \{P_f\} + [S]\{d\} \quad \text{global, structural-level}$$



$$\{Q_f\} = \begin{Bmatrix} FA_b \\ FS_b \\ FM_b \\ FA_e \\ FS_e \\ FM_e \end{Bmatrix}$$

Kassimali notation

## Self-weight loads

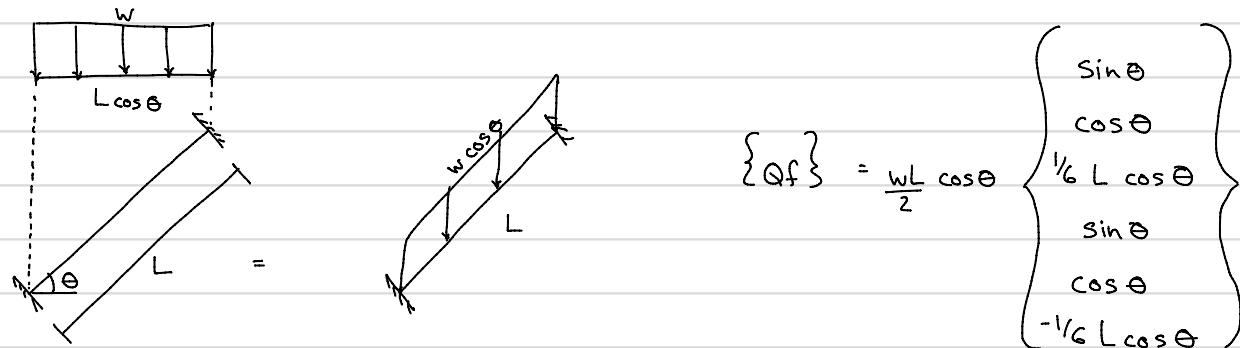


$$\{Q_f\} = \begin{Bmatrix} \frac{1}{2} w L \sin \theta \\ \frac{1}{2} w L \cos \theta \\ \frac{1}{2} w L^2 \cos \theta \\ \frac{1}{2} w L \sin \theta \\ \frac{1}{2} w L \cos \theta \\ -\frac{1}{2} w L^2 \cos \theta \end{Bmatrix} = \frac{wL}{2} \begin{Bmatrix} \sin \theta \\ \cos \theta \\ \frac{1}{6} L \cos \theta \\ \sin \theta \\ \cos \theta \\ -\frac{1}{6} L \cos \theta \end{Bmatrix}$$

$$\cos \theta = \frac{L_x}{L}$$

$$\sin \theta = \frac{L_y}{L}$$

## Projected loads (e.g. snow loading)



$$* \text{Once } \{Q_f\} \text{ is determined} \rightarrow \{F_f\}_{\text{global}} = [T]^T \{Q_f\}_{\text{local}}, \quad [K]_{\text{global}} = [T]^T [k]_{\text{local}} [T]$$

then assemble  $\{P_f\}$  from  $\{F_f\}$ ,  $[S]$  from  $[K]$ , and solve for  $\{d\}$